EF-202/204

DUAL/FOUR CHANNEL MASTER STATION E-200 SERIES CABLE INTERCOM SYSTEM

OWNERS MANUAL

PRELIMINARY

ISSUE 16/04/2012





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PACKAGE CONTENTS:

-THIS OWNERS MANUAL -1x EF-204 4 CHANNEL INTERCOM BASE STATION -1x GOOSNECK MICROPHONE -1x MAINS PLUG EURO OR UK MODELS -4x PAPER ADHESIVE CALL LABELS -4x TRANSPARENT TALK LABELS -4x RUBBER FEET



1. INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your purchase of the **ALTAIR** master station **EF-202/EF-204** of the **E-200** series intercom system. There is a lot the characteristics that make of the **ALTAIR E-200** series one of the most highlighted in the audio professional market, some are enumerated here:

- The Master station unit includes the power supply for all the intercom components in the system. In the case of short circuit on any point of the line, the unit shuts down with an instantaneous recovery after the fix is cleared. System can drive up to 60 single channel beltpacks or 20 desk stations.
- Separated four channels are provided with independent Talk, Listen, and Call signalling buttons. Linking between channels is made easy from the front panel buttons.
- All the components in the system incorporates digital control to implement different task as Mic Kill, remote buzzer switch-off, latch or PTT mic switching, etc.
- The station incorporates program input (mic/line) with level attenuator assignable to any of the four channels and mic output to address PA messages from the headset operator. Relay contacts are provided that follows the PA button action, helping the installer to automate multiple tasks as Tally, speaker switching and cue lights among others. The station can be used as a Main station driving all the system or as a desk remote console station in complex multipoint multichannel installations.
- One block of four key buttons allows the unit to be preset for instant recall of programmed set-up including Talk, Listen and Call key functions to any channel combination in an intuitive manner.
- Front panel includes gooseneck panel microphone, headset connection and a high efficiency speaker.

Before beginning it is important to read this manual. This manual will help you to install and use your new intercom master station. It is very important to read it carefully, mainly the paragraphs marked as NOTE, PRECAUTION and DANGER, for your security.

Save the original packing, you can re-use it to transport the unit. **NEVER SHIP THE ALTAIR EF-202/EF-204 WITHOUT ITS ORIGINAL PACKING**.

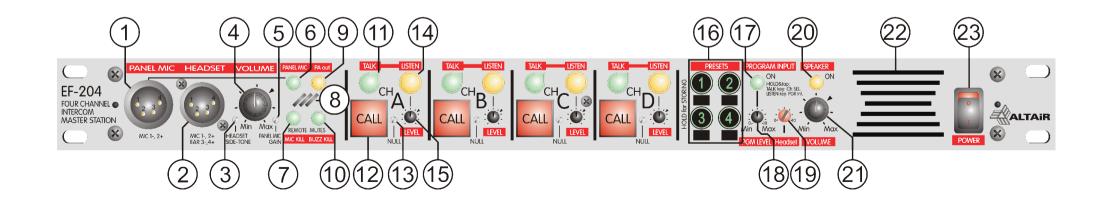


2. SWITCHES, CONTROLS, ADJUSTMENTS AND CONNECTORS

These are the switches, controls, adjustments and connectors that you can find in your ALTAIR intercom master station. The description and explanation of each one will be found in the corresponding section.

FRONT PANEL

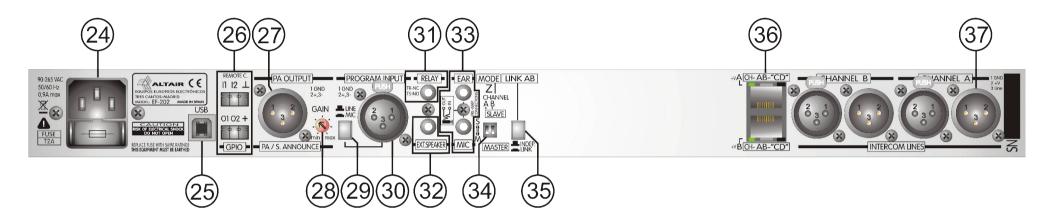


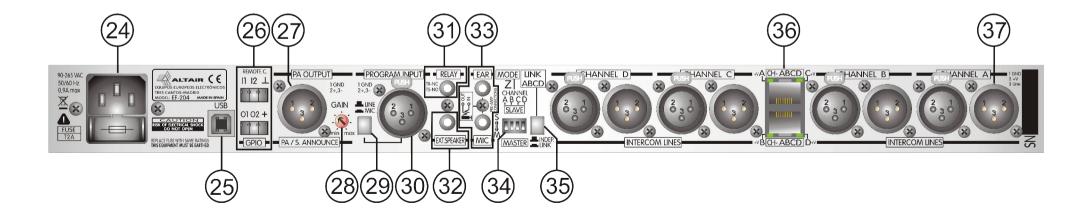




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REAR PANEL







3. WORKING PRECAUTIONS

The manufacturer is not responsible of any damage that can possibly happen to the intercom master station outside the limits of the warranty or those produced by not taking care with the working precautions.

Mains voltage must be between the limits of the admitted power supply (90-264 VAC, 50-60 Hz) and that the fuse must be the appropriate (2A slow blow type: T2A). Damage caused by connection to improper AC voltage is not covered by any warranty.

DANGER: Inside the unit there are high voltages, do not open it. The unit does not contain elements that could be repaired by the user. Whenever the intercom master station is connected to the mains, it carries elements with high voltages. In order to disconnect the unit completely, you must disconnect it from the mains.

CAUTION: Protect the unit from the rain and moisture. Ensure that no objects or liquids enter it. If liquid is spilled into the unit, disconnect it from the mains and consult a qualified service technician.

Do not place the unit close to heat sources.

4. INSTALLATION

UNPACKING

Before leaving the factory, each intercom master station has been carefully inspected and tested. Unpack and inspect the unit for any damage that may have occurred during shipment. If any damage is found, does not connect the unit to the mains; notify the salesperson immediately; a qualified service technician should inspect the unit.

Save the original packing, you could use if you need to transport the unit. **NEVER SHIP THE INTERCOM MASTER STATION WITHOUT ITS ORIGINAL PACKING.**

MOUNTING

It is always recommended to mount the unit in rack, either for mobile or fixed installations, for protection, safety, aesthetics, etc.

The ALTAIR EF-202/EF-204 is designed for standard 19" rack mounting, and takes up 1u high rack space.

CHANGING THE FUSE

This unit incorporates an internal, worldwide voltage operation power supply, and it is prepared to work from 90 to 264 VAC, 50-60Hz.





■ Make sure that the unit is disconnected from the mains.

■ In the unit rear panel are placed the mains connector and the fuse holder (24). The box bellow this mains connector is called fuse holder. Take out the fuse holder.

- After extracting the fuse holder, the fuse will appear, take out it and change for the new one.
- Insert the fuse holder into the mains connector again.
- Make sure that the fuse is the right one: 2A slow blow type **T2A**.

CAUTION: Always make sure after changing the fuse, that it is the right one.

CONNECTING TO THE MAINS

The connection of the intercom master station power supply to the mains takes place by a standard cord included in the box.



- Make sure that the unit power switch ⁽²³⁾ is at 0 position (turned off).
- Insert the female I.E.C. connector of the tripolar cable into the unit power supply male connector ⁽²⁴⁾, placed at the rear panel.
- Insert the male connector of the tripolar cable into the mains plug.
- Turn on the unit power switch 23. In that moment the LEDs indicators will light, indicating that the unit is turned on.

CAUTION: Make sure that the mains voltage is the correct as well as their fuse is the right one.

PROGRAM INPUT CONNECTION

The intercom master station program input signal is carried out through a XLR-3-31 female connector 30. The input connection is balanced, with a nominal impedance of 40 K Ω (20 K Ω unbalanced) in line mode and 2 K Ω (1 K Ω unbalanced) in mic mode. The next list shows the input pins correspondence as A.E.S recommends:





PROGRAM INPUT XLR-3-31		
PIN 1 0 V		
PIN 2	HOT (+)	
PIN 3	COLD (-)	

The input connection depends on two factors, the first is the type of input signal balanced or unbalanced, and the second the ground configuration of the sound source (floating or ground-referenced). The next pictures show some of the different possibilities of connection, relying on the type of input signal, balanced or unbalanced and according to the ground configuration of the equipment (floating or ground-referenced).

In the next diagrams, we use the following symbols:





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Sound source with mains cord with ground connection.



Sound source with the EARTH-LINK OFF.

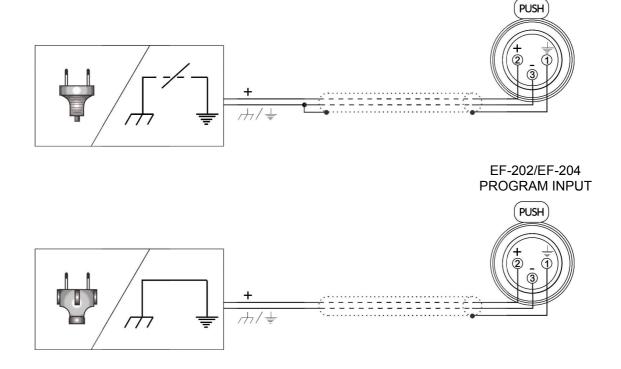
Sound source with the EARTH LINK ON.

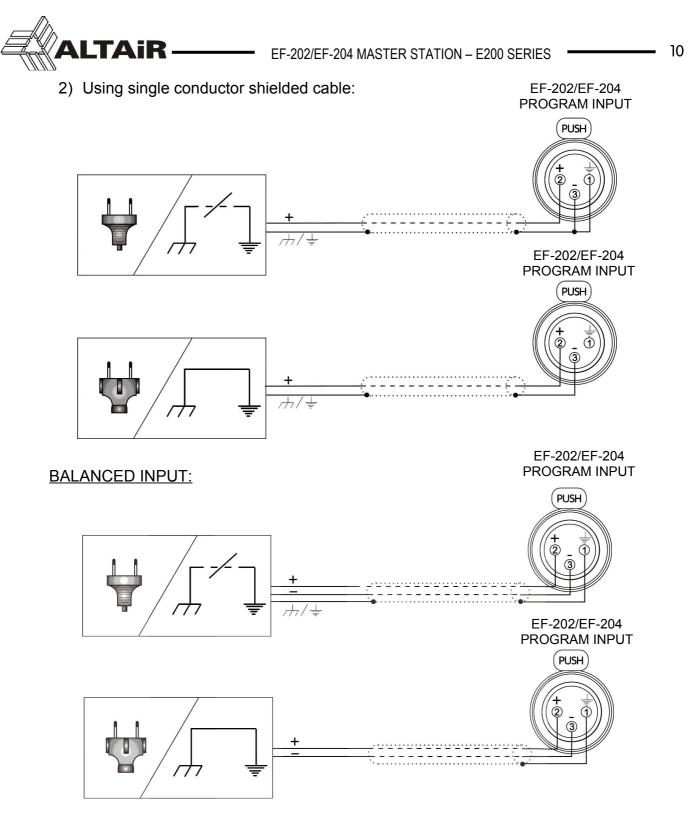
UNBALANCED INPUT:

This type of connection will be used when the sound source does not provide balanced output. If it's possible it is better using the connection type 1

1) Using twin-lead shielded cable:

EF-202/EF-204 PROGRAM INPUT





PA OUTPUT CONNECTION

The PA and SA output signal is carried out through a XLR-3-32 male connector (27). The output is balanced, with a nominal impedance of 100 Ω . The next list shows the input pins correspondence as A.E.S recommends:

AUDIO 😡	PA OUTPUT XLR-3-32		
	PIN 1	0 V	
	PIN 2	HOT (+)	
ES	PIN 3	COLD (-)	

The output connection depends on two factors, the first is the type of input signal balanced or unbalanced, and the second the ground configuration of the sound destination unit (floating or ground-referenced). The next pictures show some of the different possibilities of connection, relying on the type of output signal, balanced or unbalanced and according to the equipment's ground configuration (floating or ground-referenced).

In the next diagrams, we use the following symbols:

Sound destination unit with mains cord without ground connection.
 Sound destination unit with mains cord with ground connection.
 Sound destination unit with the EARTH-LINK OFF.
 Sound destination unit with the EARTH LINK ON.

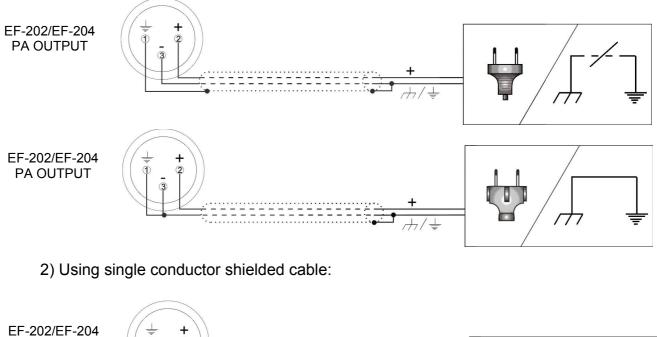
UNBALANCED OUTPUT:

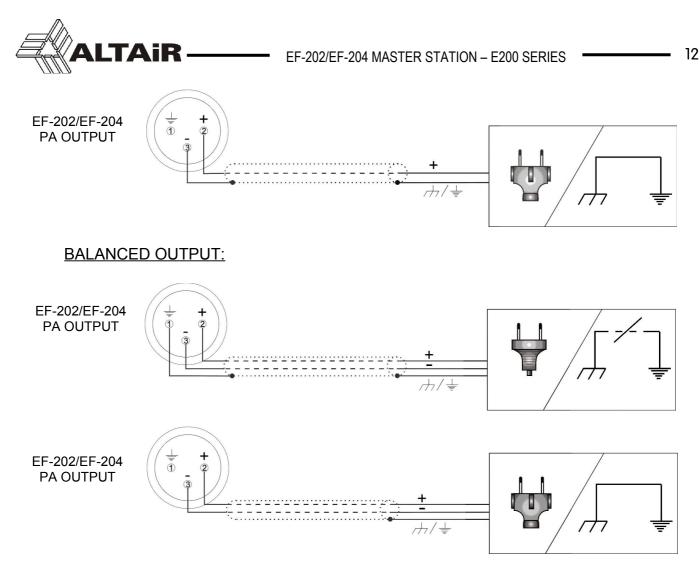
PA OUTPUT

LTAIR

This type of connection will be used when the sound destination unit does not provide a balanced input. If it's possible it is better using the connection type 1.

1) Using twin-lead shielded cable:





RELAY CONNECTION

Base unit allows the control of an internal general relay (31) allowing control over an external device or application. Activation is controlled either with the PA function (9) or by the Mic A (11) or Mic B, C and/or D (11) front panel keys. Typical application of relay control is the command of the PTT key in radio transceivers, motor controllers, tally lights, etc.

The connector type is an standard stereo 3.5 mm mini jack. Following table shows the connection diagram.

	RELAY	JACK 3/2 "	
	COMMON	RING	ING.
RING	NORMALLY CLOSED	TIP	leeve.
	NORMALLY OPEN	SLEEVE	

The relay operation mode is configured by an internal preset. Factory set to PA, but it is possible configure it to activate the Mic A (1) or Mic B, C and/or D (1) with internal presets.

NOTE: Relay operation is changeover type: When the function is not active, the Ring pole is connected to the Tip ant the Sleeve is opened. When active, Ring connects to the Sleeve and Tip becomes opened.



EXTERNAL SPEAKER CONNECTION

In the master station rear panel is available a connector to plug an external speaker (32), which allows us to monitor the internal speaker (22) in an external speaker.

The external speaker connection is via a 3.5 mm jack connector. The following table shows the correspondence of the connector pins with the external speaker jack 3.5 mm:

EXTENAL SPEAKER CONNECTOR	JACK 3/2 "
SIGNAL	TIP
WHITOUT CONNECT	RING
GND	SLEEVE



The external units connection to the base station is carried through twin-lead standard microphone shielded cable and XLR-3-31/XLR-3-32 connectors (37). Each base station channel provides one XLR-3-31 and one XLR-3-32 connectors wired internally in parallel. The next list shows the signal distribution in the pin XLR connectors.

XLR-3-31/XLR-3-32 – INTERCOM LINE			
PIN 1 GND			
PIN 2	+VCC		
PIN 3	SIGNAL		

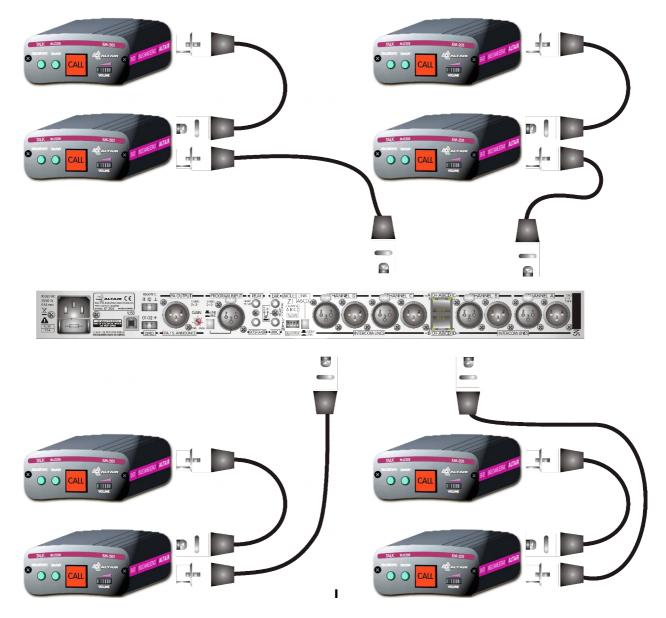
Certain rules have to be followed when installing the cables of an intercom system. This is to avoid ground loops and to minimize the power loss and possible effect of electromagnetic fields.

- Do not connect the XLR pin 1 to the XLR metal housing or to metal wall boxes to avoid ground loops. The ground loop could increase notably the system background noise.
- Do not close the intercom line connection (avoid closed loops). Each intercom line leaves from the base station towards the remote stations, but it does not return to the master station. If the connection is closed, a ground loop with the increase from the system noise will take place.
- Use high quality cables and minimize its longitude. Avoid using low quality cables and excessive cable runs as it affects in power loss, channel crosstalk and frequency response.
- Place the base station in the closest possible position to the maximum consumption zone; that is to say to the zone in which more external units are placed.

13

➡ RING.➡ SLEEVE.

The next picture shows the habitual connection of an intercom system comprised by eight beltpack units (two per channel) and a EF-204 base station.



MULTICHANNEL OPERATION. AUDIO LINKS.

ALTAIR -

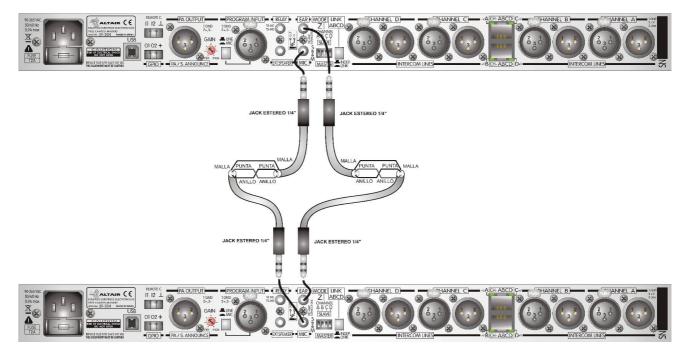
Rear panel audio links allows multichannel operation sharing the headset between bases, so accessing all the channels.

Connection is made by using two leads composed of 2 stereo 3,5 mm jacks at each end wired in inverted mode and by using miniature 2 conductors plus shield microphone cable. See the diagram bellow for reference.

JACK 3,5 mm – MU	A TIP.				
UNIT A	UNIT A UNIT B				
TIP	TIP RING				
RING	TIP				
SLEEVE	SLEEVE				



Schematic diagram:



System operation is strait forward. You can connect your headset (1), (2) to any of the bases. Microphone signal from the preamp out of the base #2 is directed to the preamp input in base#1. Channel Mic A,B,C and D (1) on/off switches from base#2 corresponds now to channels E, F, G and H respectively. Listening from the eight channels are controlled by local volume (14) and listen level controls (15) as depicted in this manual, A, B, C and D on base#1 and E, F, G and H on base#2.

Call signalling (12), remote mic kill (7) and buzzer kill (10) are to be controlled on each base independently.

Program input signal must be splitted to each base if needed.

PA outputs from the two bases must be combined externally by using an audio mixer and then connected to the PA system.

These audio links allows advanced functionalities:

Mic link-Direct microphone out, Mic input from external equipment, etc.

EAR link-Listen connection to external powered speakers, cue input to the operator, etc.

GENERAL PURPOSE INPUT / OUTPUT CONNECTIONS (GPIO)

EF-202/EF-204 base station, have two general purpose inputs and two general purpose outputs allowing remote control from/to auxiliary equipment to/from the base station.

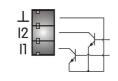
These GPIO's employs standard connectors (3.5 pitch) Phoenix ™ type .

The inputs are logical, with an internal pull-up of 5 Volts and 100 K Ω , and therefore the simplest assembly is a simple switch to ground. Assemblies can also be connected to an open collector output.





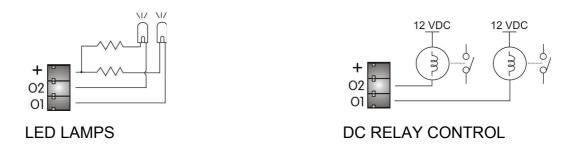
SWITCHES TO GROUND



OPEN COLLECTOR

The general purpose inputs can control all the buttons on the base station, make a general call to all lines, cause a Mic Kill or enable/disable the Buzzer Kill. By default the base station is configured with input 1 as the PANEL MIC (6) button, and input 2 can cause a general call (simultaneous CALL to CH A, B, C and D).

The outputs are open collector, so we can feed to other power circuits provided (50 Volts DC maximum). In the output connector is available a supply of 5 volts DC to power the open collector circuit, this power is limited to 100 mA. The outputs can be connected to LEDs indicators, DC relays, among others.



To general-purpose outputs can send the state of all buttons of the base station, the general call to all lines, the Mic Kill or the Buzzer Kill. By default the base station is configured with output 1 as the state of Mic Kill, and output 2 to the general call state.

The configuration of the general purpose inputs and outputs can not be done directly from the base station front panel; instead it is necessary a USB connection to a PC running the free Altair EF-204 control software. Configuration is saved on the unit.

SYSTEMS WITH MORE THAN 50 WIRED BELTPACKS

It is possible to connect two master stations (EF-202/EF-204) in installations where it is necessary more than 50 wired beltpacks (EM-201), with their lines in parallel (A with A and/or B with B and/or C with C and/or D with D), always having the caution of opening the terminal impedance (in order to obtain more information, consult the terminal impedance switch/selector section (34)), of the secondary master station lines that serves us simply as intercom line power reinforcement. In this type of operations, the master station unit is connected at the beginning of the intercom chain, and the secondary unit at the end of this line. In this way we will reinforce the beltpack units placed at the further positions. For this purpose, it is also possible to use the Altair PS-200 power supply unit.



INTERCOM LINE CONNECTIONS – 4W MODE

The base station includes 2x (EF-202) / 4x (EF-204) intercom lines. Each line comprises two connectors for gender convenience: one XLR3 male and one XLR3 female internally paralleled. Intercom line is defined as 2 wire mode (2W) enabling direct connection to similar 2W intercom equipments.

To connect with 4-wire (4W) equipments, we recommend the use of an Altair 4W2-200 interface per intercom line (channel). However, you can set the channel A in 4W mode by following the next steps:

- Insert the (4W-IN) input signal in the program input connector ③.
- Enable the input program in the correspondent channel (see section: BASE STATION INTERNAL ADJUSTMENT SETTINGS).
- Adjust the input program level (18) and press the program input on button (17) to activate the program input.
- Adjust the null control (13) of the corresponding channel to cancel the microphone in the headset (2) and speaker (22).
- Enable the internal configuration PARTY LINE TO PA/SA OUT (see section: BASE STATION INTERNAL ADJUSTMENT SETTINGS).
- Disable the internal configuration PROGRAM IN TO PA/SA OUT (see section: BASE STATION INTERNAL ADJUSTMENT SETTINGS).
- If you want to transmit also the base station operator microphone to 4W output, press the PA activation button (9) and enable Pa out KEY MODE PTT & LATCH (see section: BASE STATION INTERNAL ADJUSTMENT SETTINGS).
- The signal (4W-OUT) goes out by the PA output 27.

5. OPERATION

The E-200 series intercom system are designed to allow maximum easy communication operations between the different control areas in music or theatre live performances, television, cinema, conference halls, and whatever broad events where multiple and fast communications are required, by means of its simultaneous listening-speaking operation system.

The EF-202 and EF-204 system master station provides two and four independent intercom channels, and the capacity to feed up to 50 beltpacks (EM-201) in total distributed



among all intercom channels. Each channel provides a CALL switch (12), a MIC on/off switch (TALK) (11), a LISTEN on/off switch (14), and a listen level control (15) that allows to listen to the channels independently, or a mix between the channels.

The program input allows to insert external audio signals in the intercom system. The external audio signals could be sent to each channel or to the headphones, independently.

The headset microphone signal is available to drive external P.A. systems. Relay contacts are provided that follows the P.A. key action (9), helping the installer to automate multiple tasks as Tally, switching speakers, cue lights, etc.

System Expandability permits creating a multichannel (8, 12, or more channels) intercom System by using more Master Stations in a daisy chain arrangement. This feature enables freedom in System design and in-site future upgrades. Rental companies can benefit in lower component inventories.

The global all mic (Mic-Kill) and buzzers (Buzz-Kill) mute systems in both channels, allows to control the line noise due to many open mics in the system, as well as the ambient silence.

PANEL MIC CONNECTION

There is a 4-pin XLR-4M connector (XLR-4-32) (1), to connect a dynamic microphone gooseneck type to the base station. Electret mics are not allowed.

The microphone gain is adjustable by a potentiometer (PANEL MIC GAIN) (5) between +20 and +50 dB.

The following table shows the XLR correspondence Pin:

XLR-4-32 – PANEL MIC			
PIN 1 0 V (MICROPHONE)			
PIN 2	SIGNAL (MICROPHONE)		

HEADSET CONNECTION

A XLR-4 type connector (XLR-4-32) connector (2), allows connecting a headset with microphone to the master station. The headset impedance must be 200 Ω or higher (up to 2 K Ω) and the microphone must be dynamic or electret type.

The microphone preamplifier gain can be configured with an internal preset in +30 or +40 dB. (Factory set-up adjusted to +40 dB)

For the electret microphone type it is necessary to enable the phantom power of 9 VDC with an internal preset. In order to obtain more information, consult the base station internal adjustment settings section. The next list shows the XLR pins correspondence:

HEADSET XLR-4-32				
PIN 1 0 V (MICROPHONE)				
PIN 2	SIGNAL (MICROPHONE)			
PIN 3	0 V (HEADPHONES)			
PIN 4	SIGNAL (HEADPHONES)			



NOTE: Headsets are of the double or single muff type. In case of using a double muff headset, the two speakers should be wired in parallel.

HEADSET SIDETONE CONTROL

The headset sidetone control ③ adjusts the level of your own voice as you hear it in your headphones. Prior to use the Sidetone control, a good null of the four lines must be done. See next paragraph NULL CONTROL description. When the null has been done in all the used channels, your own voice is almost inaudible on the headset at minimum sidetone setting.

Side tone is mainly used when you wear double muff headsets models so being very isolated from the outside ambient and also from your own voice. This causes an undesirable overmodulation of your voice to the others party. An adequate sidetone regulation allows a comfortable voice modulation and talk level to the intercom system. When using single muff headsets, the settings of the sidetone control are normally lower than using double muff.

HEADSET VOLUME CONTROL

The volume control ④ allows attenuating or amplifying the signal sent to the headphones. This control adjusts the listen level to the headphones.

PANEL MIC GAIN CONTROL

The panel microphone gain is adjustable by a potentiometer (5) between +20 and +50 dB.

PANEL MIC SWITCH

The panel mic button, allows enable the panel microphone (6). Internal presets can be configured to allow this key to toggle between panel mic and headset mic (2) or headset mic always on (factory default). You can also configure the operating mode of the switch: *Push to talk only*, disabling latch operation or *push to talk + latch mode*. On this mode, push to talk or latch is recognized by the time the key is depressed. Short keystroke produces latch action and long time, momentary action. (factory default).

REMOTE MIC KILL SWITCH

These switch (7) allows to disable -switch OFF- all the microphones from all the channels around the intercom system (including all the wired and wireless beltpacks, desk station units and master station slave units) except the base station microphone.



The remote mic kill switch carries out the function upon pressing it. This means that the units (wired and wireless beltpacks, desk stations units, etc.) connected to the system can switch ON the microphones again when required. When this switch is pressed, its associated LED turns on during a short moment.

BUZZER

The Buzzer (8), produces a sound when a call is made, or a key is pressed. Through internal presets you can set the buzzer sound level, high or low (factory default) and configure if the buzzer is turned off when you enable remote buzzer kill (factory default) or to work ever.

PA OUT SWITCH

The PA out switch (9) allows to enable the PA output (9) placed at the rear panel, which normally is disabled, and to carry out the HEADSET/PANEL microphone signal to A external audio systems.

Through internal presets, you can set the operating mode of the switch: -Push to talk only or push to talk +latch mode (factory default) -Send the program signal to the PA OUTPUT (27) (disabled is factory default) and/or the -Send the intercom line Channel A signal to the PA OUTPUT (27) (disabled is factory default)

REMOTE BUZZER KILL SWITCH

This switch disables all the buzzers from all the intercom system channels (including all beltpacks, desk station units and base station units). Local operators are not able to turn on again its buzzers.

This button performs a rotating function. If it was enabled, pressing disabled it and the associated LED turns off (at this time all external units can re-enable their local buzzers), on the contrary, if it was disabled, pressing enabled it and the associated LED turn on (at this time all the external units buzzers are disabled and can not re-enable it locally).

TALK SWITCH

The base station is provided with a talk switch (1) per intercom channel. The TALK switch (1) allows to enable/disable the microphone, so that we are able to speak with other units connected to the same intercom channel. If the channel A microphone is activated (for example), and the channels B,C and D microphones are not activated, we will speak with the stations connected to the channel A, but the connected stations to the channel B, C and D won't hear us.

If the microphone is activated, its associated LED will light up, and on the other hand, if it is disabled, its associated LED will turn off.



The TALK switches (1) have two operation modes. When this switch is pressed quickly, the microphone changes its state; if it was enabled, being pressed it gets disabled and turns off the associated LED, and if it was disabled, being pressed it gets enabled and turns on the associated LED.

When the TALK switches 1 are pressed and held, the unit will enter in the special function PUSH TO TALK; this means that the microphone will be enabled until the switch is released.

CALL SWITCH

The base station is provided with one call switches per intercom channel. When one of these switches is pressed a call signal is sent to the corresponding intercom channel. The call signal makes the LED associated with the switch start blinking; if the buzzer is enabled an intermittent sound takes place and the correspondent LED blink, during three seconds, the same as in all the units (beltpacks, desk stations, master stations, etc.), connected to the same intercom channel.

If the CALL switch is pressed continuously, the duration of the call signal will be higher (the time that the switch is pressed, and approximately 3 seconds more).

If a call signal is generated in an external unit (beltpacks, desk stations, master stations, etc.), the LED associated to the CALL switch of the channel in which the call signal is received, will start blinking and if the buzzer is enabled an intermittent sound will take place during about three seconds.

NULL CONTROL

The cancellation control (NULL) (13), eliminates the self microphone signal from the listen signal, so that there are no unwanted coupling to the speaker (22) or to the headset (2)

Is designed so that approximately half of travel of the potentiometer produces the microphone signal cancellation (i.e. we don't hear us in the headphones), fully to the right or to the left gives the maximum voice level, through all the level intermediate positions.

The base station unit has a cancellation control (NULL) (13) for each channel, so you should adjust it independently, activating only the microphone (TALK) (11) and listen (14) of the channel you want to adjust. Then repeat for all the uses channels.

To hear your own voice in the headset (2), adjust the headset sidetone control (3).

LISTEN LEVEL CONTROL

The base station has a listen level control (15) per intercom line, that allows us to adjust the signal level of each line sent to the headset (2) and speaker (23).



MEMORIES

The unit has four memories (PRESETS) (16) that allow us to record and retrieve the position of all the switches, so we can return to previously saved settings instantly. We can also save the state of the call, so if when you record a memory, hold down the call switch (12) of the channel which we want to record an active call, when we recall the memory, the system performs a call to the correspondent channel.

To record a memory, just hold the memory switch (PRESET) (16) you want to record for five seconds. The unit will beep and perform a twinkle in the LED light of the corresponding preset switch, indicating that the memory is recorded.

To recall a previously recorded memory, simply short press the preset button (16) that you want to recall. If the status of the unit corresponds to one of the memories recorded, the corresponding preset LED will remain lit.

Moreover, the base station saves the state of all switches, so retrieve the state it was previously when it was turned off.

NOTE: In the preset memories are not recorded the internal adjustment settings, or the program send setting to the intercom lines, or the program interrupt configuration.

PROGRAM INPUT, ON SWITCH

The program input on switch (17), injects the program signal to the configured intercom lines. This intercom lines are configured easily by holding down the PRG ON key and then selecting the desired channel TALK key. By default, the program is sent to all intercom lines. For more details see chapter 6.

PROGRAM INPUT LEVEL CONTROL

The program input level control (18) adjusts the signal level sent to the selected channels. Next to the program input level control is marked the position in which the gain is 0, that is to say the same signal as in the input. Fully left the signal decreases in 10 dB and totally to the right the signal increases in 20 dB.

Keep in mind that these gains are influenced by the position of the program input MIC/LINE switch selector (29) (placed at the rear panel). MIC position increases 30 dB gain.

PROGRAM TO HEADPHONES CONTROL

The program to headphones control (19) allows to regulate the program signal level that appears in the headsets (2) connected to the base station unit and to the speaker (22).



LTAiR

PC connection (USB) (25) is made via an USB A MALE / B MALE, allowing you to control all functions of the base stations ALTAIR EF-202 and EF-204. The control software can be downloaded after registration from the ALTAIR website (www.altairaudio.com), and it attached the USB driver for the computer.

PANEL MIC KEY MODE	HEADSET MIC TYPE PHANTOM	BUZZER LEVEL	BY PA OUT KEY	PR. IN TO PA/SA OUT	LISTEN ON WHEN
	Oynamic	Low	Disabled	Enabled	Disabled
O Push to Talk	GAIN	High LOCAL ACTIVATION	Enabled BY TALK A KEY	P. LINE TO PA/SA OUT	Enabled INCOMING CALL —
O Dual MIC	Oynamic	Buzzer Kill Key	Oisabled	Oisabled	Oisabled
Single	Electret	Always On	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
PA out KEY MODE	TALK KEYS MODE	EXT. MIC & BUZZ KILL	BY TALK B,C,D KEYS Disabled	CALL WHEN TALK KEY	CALL-TALK KEYS
 Push to Talk & LATCH Push to Talk 	 Push to Talk & LATCH Push to Talk 	 Disabled Enabled 	Enabled	 Disabled Enabled 	 Normal Inverted
PROGRAM IN	PUT - CHANNEL SELEC	r GENI	ERAL PURPOSE INPUTS	GENERAL P	URPOSE OUTPUTS
Channel A Chan	nel B 📄 Channel C 📄	Channel D GPI1: Pa	nel Mic Key	GP01: Mic Kill Ou	utput 👻
PROGRAM INTE	RRUPT - CHANNEL SELI	ECT			
🔲 Listen A 📄 Lister	n B 📄 Listen C 📄	Listen D GPI2: Ge	neral Call Input	GP02: General C	all Output 👻
	LISTEN TALK	LISTEN TALK	LISTEN TALK		ESETS PROGRAM I
		LL B CA			

PROGRAM OUTPUT GAIN CONTROL

The program output gain control ⁽²⁸⁾ placed at the unit rear panel allows to regulate the program signal level that appears in the XLR-3-32 male PA output connector ⁽²⁷⁾ placed at the unit rear panel.

PROGRAM INPUT MIC/LINE LEVEL SELECTOR

The program input has a MIC/LINE level selector switch (29) placed at the base station rear panel.

With the switch pressed (MIC), the program input have an additional gain of 30 dB allowing direct connection of balanced dynamic microphones.

INTERCOM LINE TERMINAL IMPEDANCE DIP SWITCHES

All the intercom lines should have a terminal impedance to make the different units connected to them work correctly. When the unit is connected in Slave mode (connected to a unit performing as Master unit) the terminal impedance is not longer needed and must be removed. To ease the Z mode of the different channels, a dip switch is installed on the rear of unit. In an intercom system, only a unit must be configured as Master.



Each intercom line has its own intercom line terminal impedance switch (34) placed at the rear panel of the unit.

By default, all the switches must be in Master (M) mode.

CAUTION: Never leave the intercom line without terminal impedance, because a bad operation of the units connected to the line would take place.

LINK SWITCH

The channel link switch (LINK ABCD) (35), allows to join all the the channels so that the same signal appears in all channels. If the channels are linked, the units connected to the channel A can communicate with the one connected to the channel B, C and D and vice versa, and the calls carried out in any channel will arrive to all the units connected to all channels. If the channels are linked, the units connected to the lines are no longer independent, forming a single group where everyone is talking and listen for the same communication channel. In the base station this common channel is channel A. The remaining channels are no longer operational. To make the link, press the LINK switch (35) located on the rear panel.

Linking is commonly used in rehearsals to share all the team information.

CAUTION This operation must be carried out with the base station power off to avoid undesirable transients.

EASY LINK. ALL INTERCOM LINES IN A SINGLE CONNECTOR

The EASY link connectors (36) allows connection of all the intercom lines to another base station with a single not inverting RJ45 CAT5e or better cable (widely used in computer networks).

Each intercom line on the connector has a LED power indicator, so that a short circuit in any of the lines, will mean that the correspondent LED remain off, and the rest of the lines are operative. The connector is duplicated (both connectors are wired internally in parallel) allowing easy daisy chain connection between bases. Maximum lenth of the wires used must no reach 20 meter in total to avoid voltage drops. When more lenth is needed the installation must be done with standard XLR3 cabling.

The main intercom wiring must be done from the Master intercom base station and by using the standard XLR3 connectors.

RJ45 – LINES LINKS				
PIN 1	LINE B			
PIN 2,6	GND			
PIN 3	LINE C			
PIN 4	LINE A			
PIN 5,8	VDC (+24 Volts)			
PIN 7	LINE D			

Pin correspondence is given by the following table:



6. INTERNAL CONFIGURATION SETTINGS

SETTING THE PROGRAM INPUT SEND AND THE PROGRAM INTERRUPT

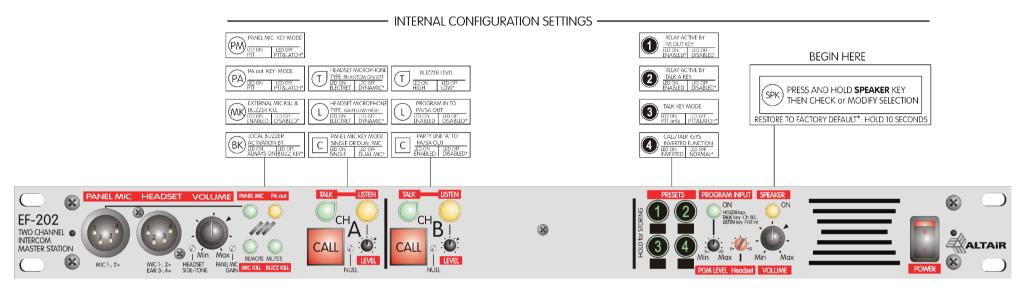
The program input send, and the program interruption (program send to the line is interrupt while the microphone (TALK) (17) corresponding to this line is active) can be configured as follows:

- Hold down the program input switch (17), for five seconds. At that time the unit will beep and will start blinking the program input LED (17).
- If the program send is enabled, the corresponding TALK LED (1) will remain blinking, otherwise, stay off.
- To enable/disable the program send to a specific line, press the TALK switch (11) of the corresponding line.
- If the program interrupt of a specific line is enabled, the corresponding LISTEN LED
 (14) will remain blinking, otherwise it will remain off.
- To enable/disable the program interrupt of a specific line, press the LISTEN switch
 (14) of the corresponding line.
- If you press again the program input switch 17, or if you wait for a few seconds without pressing any key, the setting of the program send and program interrupt will be aborted and the base station will return to normal operation.

NOTE: The base stations are factory configured, with the program send enabled to all lines, and the program interrupt of all lines disabled.



INTERNAL CONFIGURATION SETTING. This chart is over the top cover. Remove the unit partially from the rack to read it.



	INTERNAL COI	NFIGURATION SETTINGS		
	9.00M		RELAY ACTIVE BY PA OUT KEY EDONI LEDOH ENABLED' DISABLED	BEGIN HERE
PA out KEY MC	DEF (T) TYPE PHANTOM ON/OFF (T)	RELAY ACTIVE BY TALK B,C,D TO TO TO THE DOFF ENABLED DISABLED* TO THE DOFF ENABLED DISABLED* TO THE DOFF ENABLED DISABLED*		ESS AND HOLD SPEAKER KEY
EXTERNAL MICT BUZZER KILL ENABLED DSA	ALL & HEADSET MICROPHONE FF LED' HADSET MICROPHONE HED ON HED OFF ED ON HED OFF ELECTRET DYNAMIC'	RESERVED FOR RUTURE USE ED ON LED OFF ENABLED DISABLED*		EN CHECK or MODIFY SELECTION
	PAREL MIC KEY MODE: SINGLE OR DUAL MIC EDCON TOOFF SINGLE DO TOOFF SINGLE DO TOOFF FNABLED DEABLEDY	RESERVED FOR PUTURE USE ED ON IED OFF ENABLED DISABLED, INCOMING CALL INCOMING CALL INCOMI	CALL/Talk Kers INVERTED FUNCTION INVERTED INDOFF	
				 & \bigcirc
EF-204 FOUR CHANNEL • INTERCOM MASTER STATION				
MIC 1-, 2+ HEADST MIC 1-, 2+ HEADST GAN MIC KIL BUZZ KI GAN MIC KIL BUZZ KI			Min Max Min Max PGM LEVEL Headset VOLUME	

The internal parameters of the base station can be configured as follows:

- Hold down the speaker switch (20), for five seconds. At that time the unit will beep and will start blinking the speaker LED (20).
- If the parameter is enabled, the corresponding LED will remain blinking, otherwise, stay off.
- To enable/disable the program send to a specific line, press the corresponding switch.
- If you press again the speaker switch 20, or if you wait for a few seconds without pressing any key, the internal configuration setting will be aborted and the base station will return to normal operation.
- To clear the internal memory, the presets and the working memory (back to the base station factory default), hold the speaker switch (20) for ten seconds.

PANEL MIC KEY MODE

LTAiR

SWITCH LED BLINKING LED OFF	 → PANEL MIC 6. → Push to talk mode, the PANEL MIC 6 switch don't have latch mode. → Latch in short time presses of the switch and push to talk in long presses of the switch. <i>Factory default</i>. 	
PA OUT KEY MODE		
SWITCH	\rightarrow PA out (9).	
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow Push to talk mode, the PA out (9) switch don't have latch mode.	
LED OFF	→ Latch in short time presses of the switch and push to talk in long presses of the switch. Factory default.	
EXTERNAL MIC KILL & BUZZER KILL		
SWITCH	\rightarrow MIC KILL (7).	
LED BLINKING	→ The external mic kill and buzzer kill signal turn off the base station mic and the buzzer respectively.	
LED OFF	→ The external mic kill and buzzer kill signal, don't turn off the base station mic and the buzzer respectively. <i>Factory</i> <i>default.</i>	



LOCAL BUZZER ACTIVATION BY:

SWITCH	\rightarrow BUZZER KILL (10).
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow BUZZER (8) always active.
LED OFF	\rightarrow The BUZZER (8) is turned off when the local BUZZER
	KILL (10) is active. <i>Factory default</i> .

HEADSET MICROPHONE TYPE (PHANTOM)

SWITCH	\rightarrow TALK A (1).
LED BLINKING	ightarrow Phantom power enabled in the HEADSET connector (2)
	(electret microphone).
LED OFF	\rightarrow Phantom power disabled in the HEADSET connector (2)
	(dynamic microphone). Factory default.

HEADSET MICROPHONE TYPE (GAIN)

SWITCH	\rightarrow LISTEN A (14).
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow HEADSET (2) microphone gain at LOW (electret
	microphones).
LED OFF	\rightarrow HEADSET (2) microphone gain at HIGH (dynamic
	microphones). Factory default.

PANEL MIC KEY MODE: SINGLE OR DUAL MIC

SWITCH	\rightarrow CALL A (12).
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow Single mode, when the PANEL MIC $\textcircled{6}$ is active, the
	HEADSET 2 mic is disabled.
LED OFF	\rightarrow Dual mode, when the PANEL MIC $\textcircled{6}$ is active, the
	HEADSET (2) mic is still enabled. <i>Factory default.</i>

BUZZER LEVEL

SWITCH	\rightarrow TALK B.
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow BUZZER (8) level high.
LED OFF	\rightarrow BUZZER (8) level low. Factory default.

PROGRAM IN TO PA/SA OUT

SWITCH	\rightarrow LISTEN B.
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow The program input 30 is sent to the PA output 27.
LED OFF	\rightarrow The program input (30) is not sent to the PA output (27).
	Factory default.

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PARTY LINE A TO PA/SA OUT

SWITCH	\rightarrow CALL B.
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow The party line A is sent to the PA output 27.
LED OFF	\rightarrow The party line A is not sent to the PA output 27.
	Factory default.

RELAY ACTIVE BY TALK B,C,D → ONLY EF-204 DIRECT ACCESS (*)

SWITCH LED BLINKING	 → TALK C. → The relay (31) is activated when one or more microphone of the lines B, C y D is active.
LED OFF	→ The relay (31) is not activated when one or more microphone of the lines B, C y D is active. Factory default.

CALL SEND WHEN PRESSING TALK KEYS → ONLY EF-204 DIRECT ACCESS (*)

SWITCH	\rightarrow TALK D.
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow When a talk key (11) is pressed, a call in the corresponding
	line is made.
LED OFF	\rightarrow When a talk key (11) is pressed, a call in the corresponding
	line is not made. Factory default.

LISTEN ON WHEN PRESSING TALK KEYS → ONLY EF-204 DIRECT ACCESS (*)

SWITCH	\rightarrow LISTEN D.
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow When a talk key (11) is pressed, the listen (14) of the
	corresponding line is activated.
LED OFF	\rightarrow When a talk key (11) is pressed, the listen (14) of the
	corresponding line is not activated. Factory default.

LISTEN ON WHEN INCOMING CALL → ONLY EF-204 DIRECT ACCESS (*)

SWITCH	\rightarrow CALL D.
LED BLINKING	\rightarrow When an external call is received, the listen (14) of the
	corresponding line is activated.
LED OFF	\rightarrow When an external call is received, the listen (14) of the
	corresponding line is not activated Factory default.



RELAY ACTIVE BY PA OUT KEY

SWITCH LED BLINKING	→ PRESET 1. → The relay 31 is activated when the PA output 27 is active with the PA out 9 switch. <i>Factory default.</i>			
LED OFF	→ The relay (31) is not activated when the PA output (27) is active with the PA out (9) switch.			
RELAY ACTIVE BY TALK A KEY				
SWITCH LED BLINKING LED OFF	 → PRESET 2. → The relay 31 is activated when the microphone of the line A is active with the TALK A 11 switch. → The relay 31 is not activated when the microphone of the 			
	line A is active with the TALK A (1) switch. <i>Factory default.</i>			
TALK KEY MODE				
SWITCH LED BLINKING	→ PRESET 3. → Push to talk mode, the TALK ⁶ switch don't have latch mode.			
LED OFF	→ Latch in short time presses of the switch and push to talk in long presses of the switch. <i>Factory default.</i>			
CALL/TALK KEYS INVI	ERTED FUNCTION			
SWITCH LED BLINKING	→ PRESET 4. → The Call (12) switch and the talk (11) switch and indicators are inverted in function. Call key becomes Talk key and			

	are inverted in function. Call key becomes Talk key and
	vice versa.
LED OFF	\rightarrow The Call (12) switch and the talk (11) switch and indicators,
	are working as normal.
	Factory default.

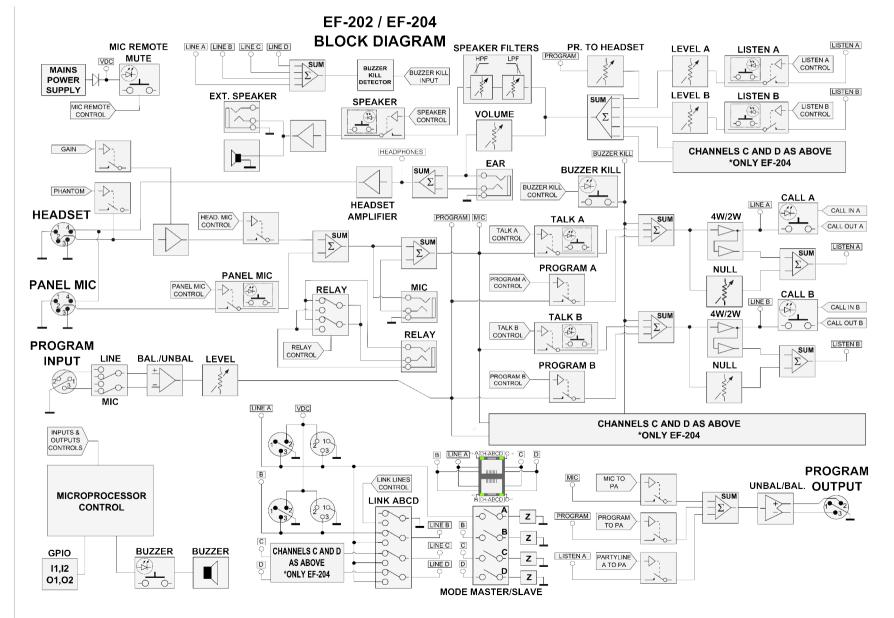
CHANGING INVERTED FUNCTION LABELS.

TALK label. Open the Call lens by pulling it out. Change the included label accordingly. CALL label. You have to place the included label over the TALK text.

* \rightarrow The parameters "ONLY EF-204 DIRECT ACCESS", marked *, can not be set directly on the EF-202 base station, but can be configured via the control software: ALTAIR EF-204.



7. BLOCK DIAGRAM





	8. TECHNICAL SPECIE	ICATIONS
	IMPEDANCE:	 220 Ω AC.
INTERCOM LINE		 4700 Ω DC.
	NOMINAL/MAXIMUM LEVEL:	 -10 dBu / +3 dBu.
	FREQUENCY RESPONSE:	• 100 Hz – 10 KHz (-3 dB).
	VOLTAGE OPERATION:	• +12 a +30 VDC.
	DYNAMIC RANGE:	• 80 dB.
	BRINGING IMPEDANCE @ 1KHz:	 > 20 ΚΩ.
	SIDE-TONE CANCELLATION:	Adjustable from 0 to 30 dB @ 1 Khz.
SYSTEM SPECIFICATION	MAXIMUM CABLE LENGTH:	 XLR3: 500-2.000 meter. Depends on installation RJ-45: 20-30 meter Master to last Slave.
	RECOMMENDED WIRE TYPE:	 XLR3:Shielded mic cable 2 x 0.30 mm². RJ-45: Cat5e or better. 4x twisted pairs
	CALL SIGNAL:	• +2,8 mA/11 VDC.
	CALL THRESHOLD:	• 3 VDC.
	REMOTE MIC-OFF:	Power interruption: 100 ms.
	REMOTE BUZZER-OFF:	• 10 Hz / 800 mVp.
	VOLTAGE OPERATION:	• +12 a +30 VDC.
	MICROPHONE TYPE:	Dynamic or electret.
		• 4K7.
MIC PREAMPLIFIER	NOMINAL/MAXIMUM LEVEL:	• -45 dBu (H)/-20 dBu(L).(internal preset).
	PRESENCE FILTER:	• +6 dB @ 4700 Hz.
	PHANTOM VOLTAGE:	+9 VDC (internal preset).
	MICROPHONE TYPE:	Dynamic or electret.
		• 200 Ω (nominal), 2KΩ (maximum).
HEADSET AMPLIFIER		• 20 Vpp (200 Ω).
	OUTPUT POWER: FREQUENCY RESPONSE:	• 250 mW (200 Ω).
	RESIDUAL NOISE:	• 250 Hz - 15 KHz.
	IMPEDANCE:	 -100 dBu (all mics off). 8-16 Ω.
SPEAKER		
AMPLIFIER	MAXIMUM POWER:	
	TYPE/ IMPEDANCE:	• Balanced, XLR-3-32 / 100 Ω.
P.A. OUTPUT		Rear panel. Range 0 to 100%.
	NOMINAL/MAXIMUM LEVEL:	• +4 dBu/+8 dBu.
		Balanced, XLR-3-31.
PROGRAM INPUT	IMPEDANCE (LINE/MIC): INPUT LEVEL:	• 40 KΩ / 2 KΩ.
		 MIC: adjustable -15 dBu to -45 dBu. LINE: adjustable +10 dBu to -20 dBu
	CONNECTIONS:	 INC adjustable + 10 dBu to -20 dBu 1 NO+1 NC circuit minijack 3.5 mm.
RELAY	CONTACTS:	 0,5 Amp @ 125 VAC/ 1 Amp @ 30 VDC.
	RELAY ACTIVATION:	 By PA, mic-on A, mic on B, C, and D.
MULTICHANNEL OPERATION	AUDIO LINKS	MIC/EAR PreAmps, 2x minijack 3.5mm.
	MAINS VOLTAGE:	• 90-264 VAC/ 50-60 Hz.
	POWER SUPPLY:	 24 VDC nom / 2.25 A shared to all lines.
POWER SUPPLY	PROTECTIONS:	 Short circuit on the line, overheat.
	POWER REQUIREMENTS:	60 VA maximum
DIMENSIONS		• 1U x 19""x250 MM.
WEIGHT		• 3,5 Kg. Net.
VVEIGH I		• 3,5 Ng. Net.

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9. WARRANTY

This unit is warranted by Equipos Europeos Electrónicos to the original user, against flaws in the manufacturing and in the materials, for a period of two years (one year depending on some countries), starting from the date of sale.

Flaws due to wrong use of the unit, internal modifications or accidents, are not covered by this warranty.

There is no other warranty expressed or implicit.

Any faulty unit must be sent to the dealer or the manufacturer. The serial number of the unit must be included for any request to the technical service.

Equipos Europeos Electrónicos reserves the right to modify the prices or the technical specifications without further notice.

SERIAL NUMBER





European Union Waste Electronics Information Unión Europea Información sobre residuos electrónicos

Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) directive The WEEE logo signifies specific recycling programs and procedures for electronic products in countries of the European Union. We encourage the recycling of our products. If you have further questions about recycling, contact your local sales office.

Directiva sobre Residuos de Aparatos Eléctricos y Electrónicos (RAEE) El logotipo de la Directiva RAEE se refiere a los programas y procedimientos específicos de reciclaje para aparatos electrónicos de países de la Unión Europea. Recomendamos el reciclaje de nuestros productos. Si tiene alguna consulta, póngase en contacto con su Distribuidor.

Information based on European Union WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC Información basada en la Directiva de la unión europea RAEE 2002/96/EC y el Real Decreto 208/2005



